

Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality

Part 4 - How to Improve Demand Control Ventilation

David S. Dougan, President



Loris, South Carolina



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ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2019

Section 6 – HVAC

6.4.3.8 Ventilation Controls for High-Occupancy Areas

Demand control ventilation (DCV) is required for spaces larger than 500 ft² and with a design occupancy for ventilation of ≥ 25 people per 1000 ft² of floor area and served by systems with one or more of the following:

- a. Air economizer.
- b. Automatic modulating control of outdoor air damper.
- c. Design outdoor airflow greater than 3000 cfm.



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ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2019

Section 6.2 - Ventilation Rate Procedure (VRP)

6.2.6 Dynamic Reset. The system may be designed to reset the outdoor air intake flow (V_{ot}) and/or space or ventilation zone airflow (V_{oz}) as operating conditions change.

6.2.6.1 Demand Control Ventilation (DCV). DCV shall be permitted as an optional means of dynamic reset.

Exception: CO₂-based DCV shall not be applied in zones with indoor sources of CO₂ other than occupants or with CO₂ removal mechanisms such as gaseous air cleaners.

6.2.6.1.1 For DCV zones in the occupied mode, breathing zone outdoor airflow (V_{bz}) shall be reset in response to current population.

6.2.6.1.2 For DCV zones in the occupied mode, breathing zone outdoor airflow (V_{bz}) shall be not less than the building component ($R_a \times A_z$) for the zone.



ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2019

Section 6.2 - Ventilation Rate Procedure (VRP)

6.2.1.1 Breathing Zone Outdoor Airflow. The outdoor airflow required in the breathing zone of the occupiable space or spaces in a ventilation zone, i.e., the breathing zone outdoor airflow (V_{bz}), shall be no less than the value determined in accordance with Equation 6-1.

$$V_{bz} = R_p \cdot P_z + R_a \cdot A_z \quad (6-1)$$

where

R_p = outdoor airflow rate required per person from Table 6-1

P_z = the number of persons in the breathing zone (as per 6.2.1)

R_a = outdoor airflow rate required per floor area from Table 6-1

A_z = zone floor area



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Section 6.2 - Ventilation Rate Procedure (VRP)

Single Zone System **DCV Compliance**

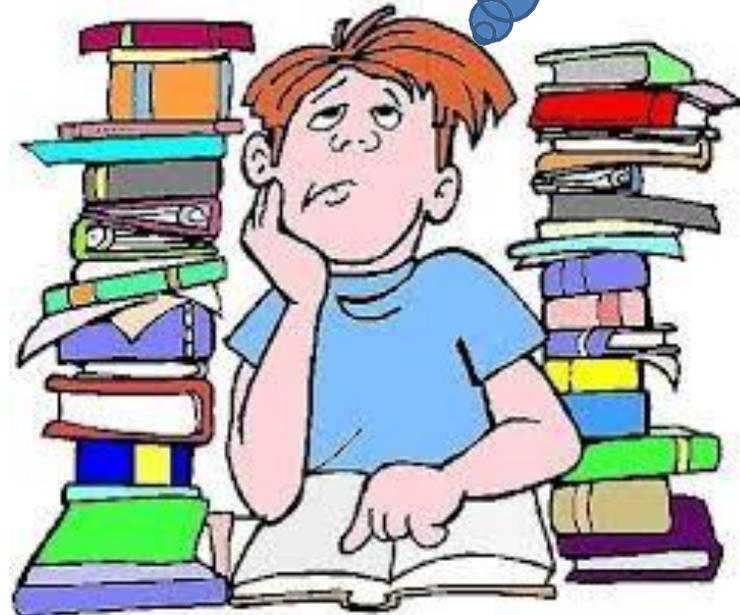
1. Determine the population of the ventilation zone during actual usage: P_z
2. Calculate the outdoor airflow rate required, $V_{ot} = V_{oz} = \{R_p \cdot P_z + R_a \cdot A_z\}/E_z$, based on the actual population, P_z , and Table 6-1 for the space type and use.
3. Demonstrate the outdoor airflow rate provided during greater than or equal to V_{ot} during occupied periods.



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Why not
count
occupants?



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Population Estimation Methods

- Over-door counting systems (meeting rooms, conference rooms, classrooms, etc.)
- Turnstiles or ticket counting systems (arenas, convention centers, etc.)
- RFID card counting systems (offices)
- Video imaging counting systems (casinos)
- POS Systems (theaters, etc.)
- More ...

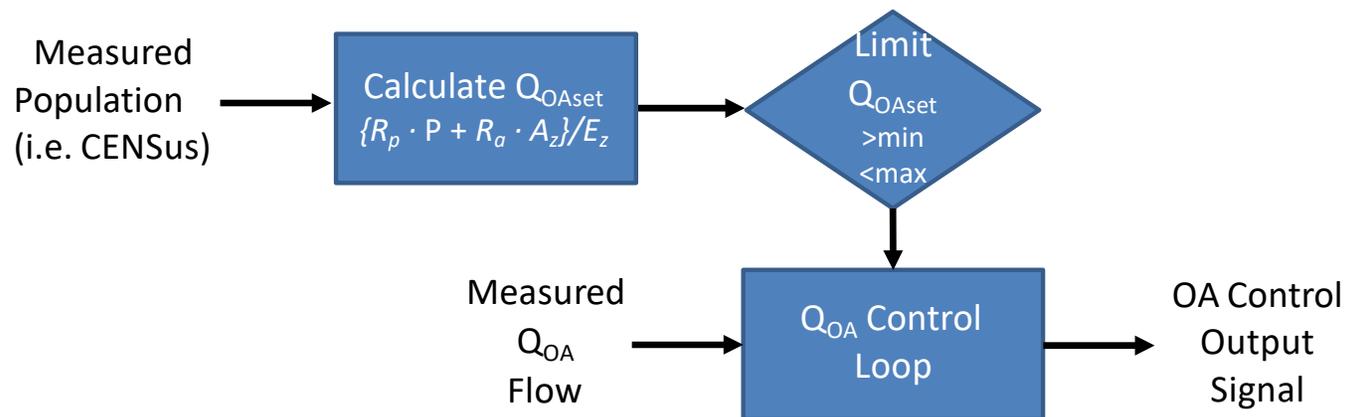
Think outside the box!

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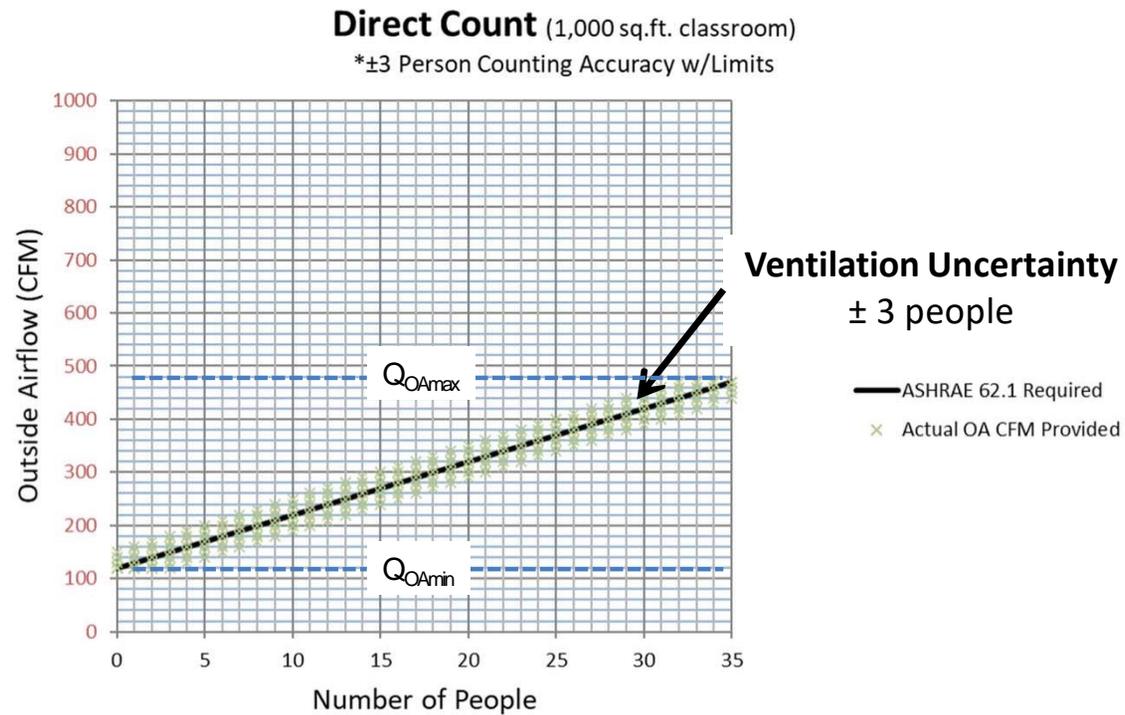
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Population-based Ventilation Control



62.1 Direct Count Ventilation Control



No LAG error!



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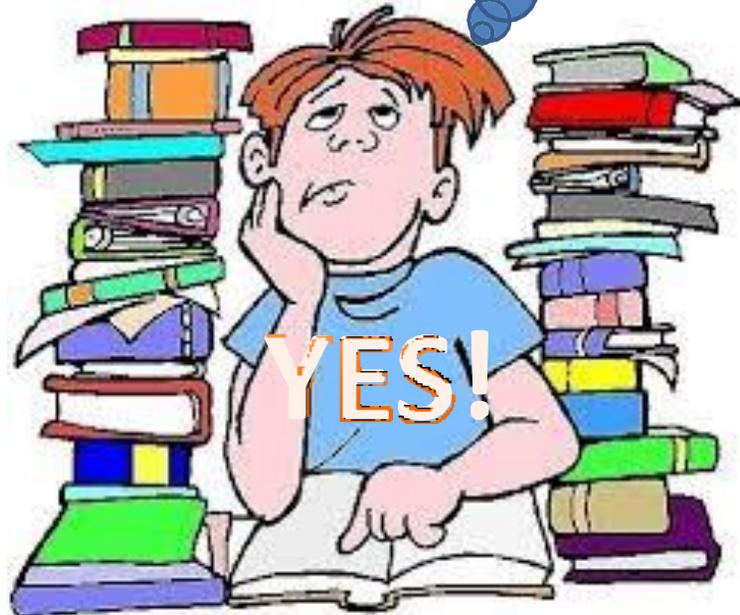


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Can I
improve
CO₂-DCV?



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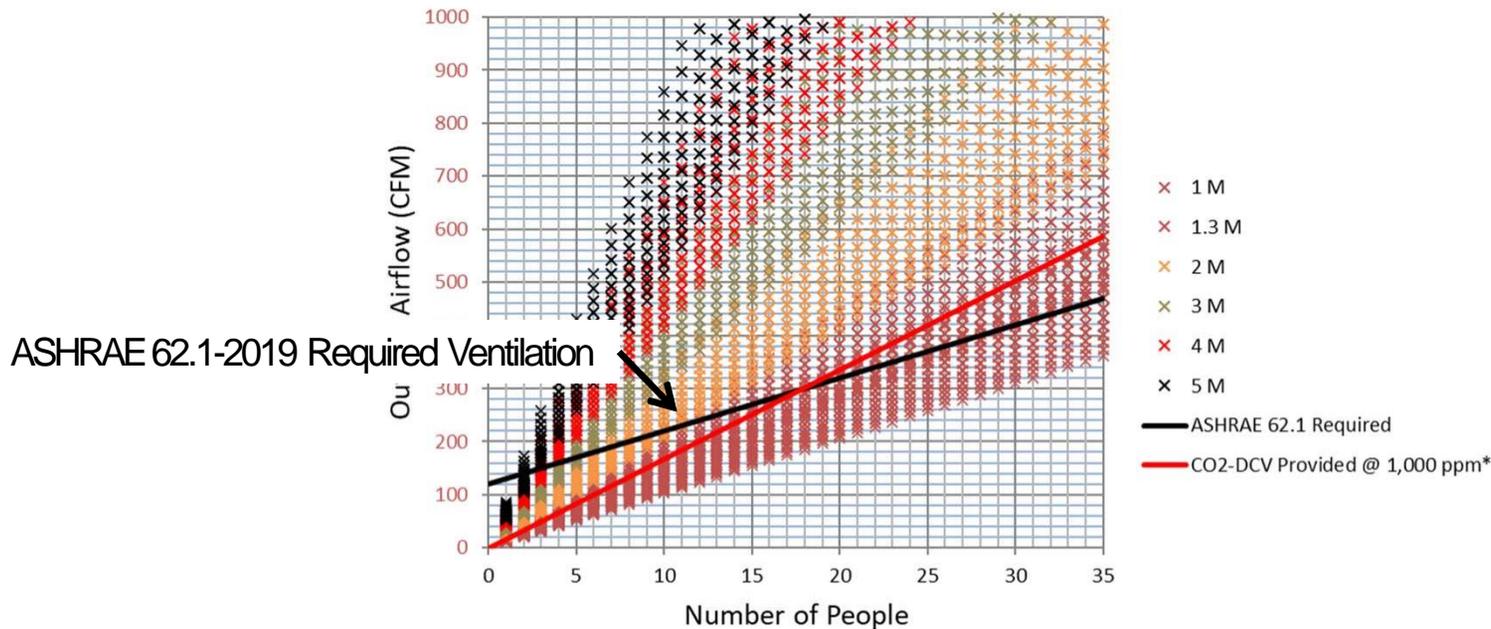
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Account for activity level and age.

CO₂ DCV (1,000 sq.ft. classroom)

*Assumptions: Steady-state, G=Variable (1 to 5 M), OA CO₂=400 ppm



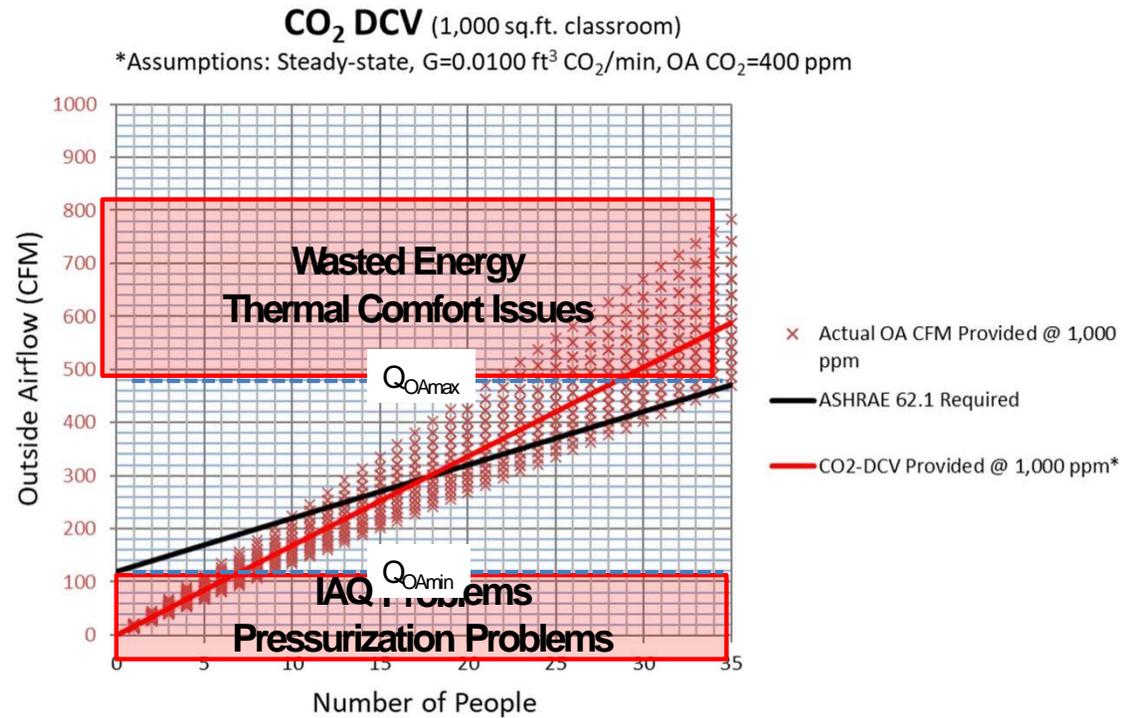
Note: G based on average male 20 to 60 years old (addendum ab)

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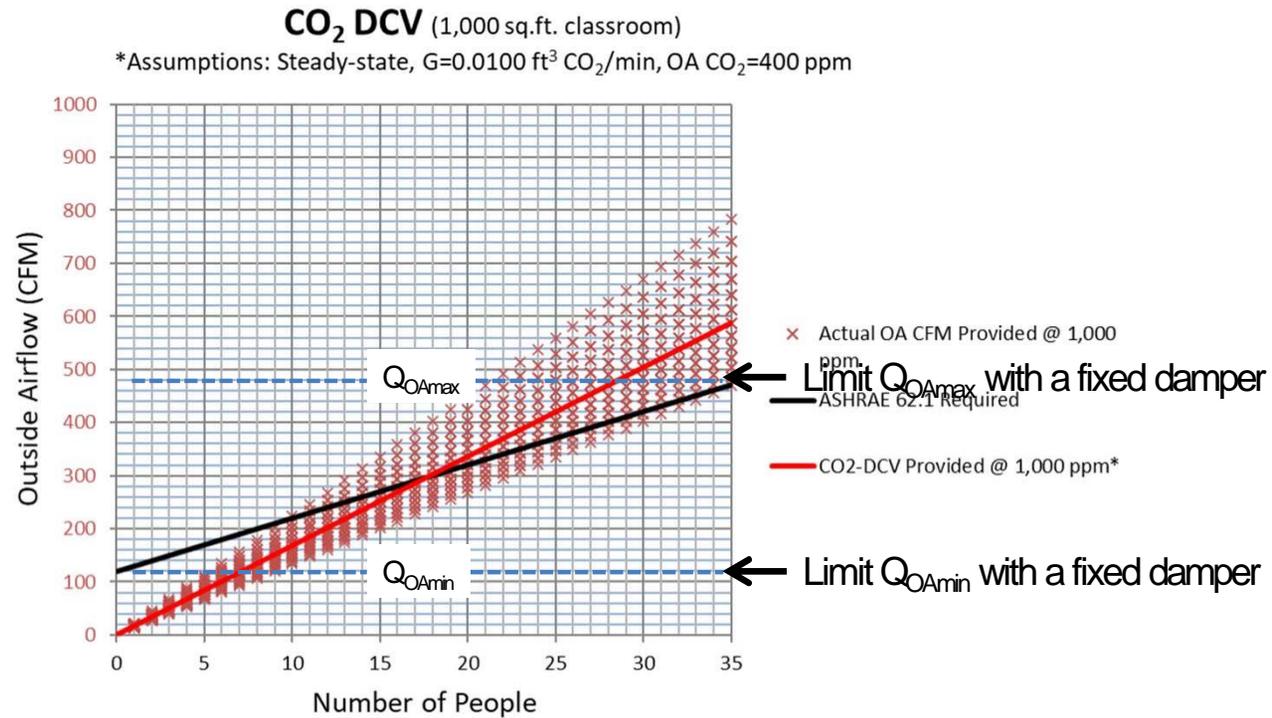
Set limits to offset errors.



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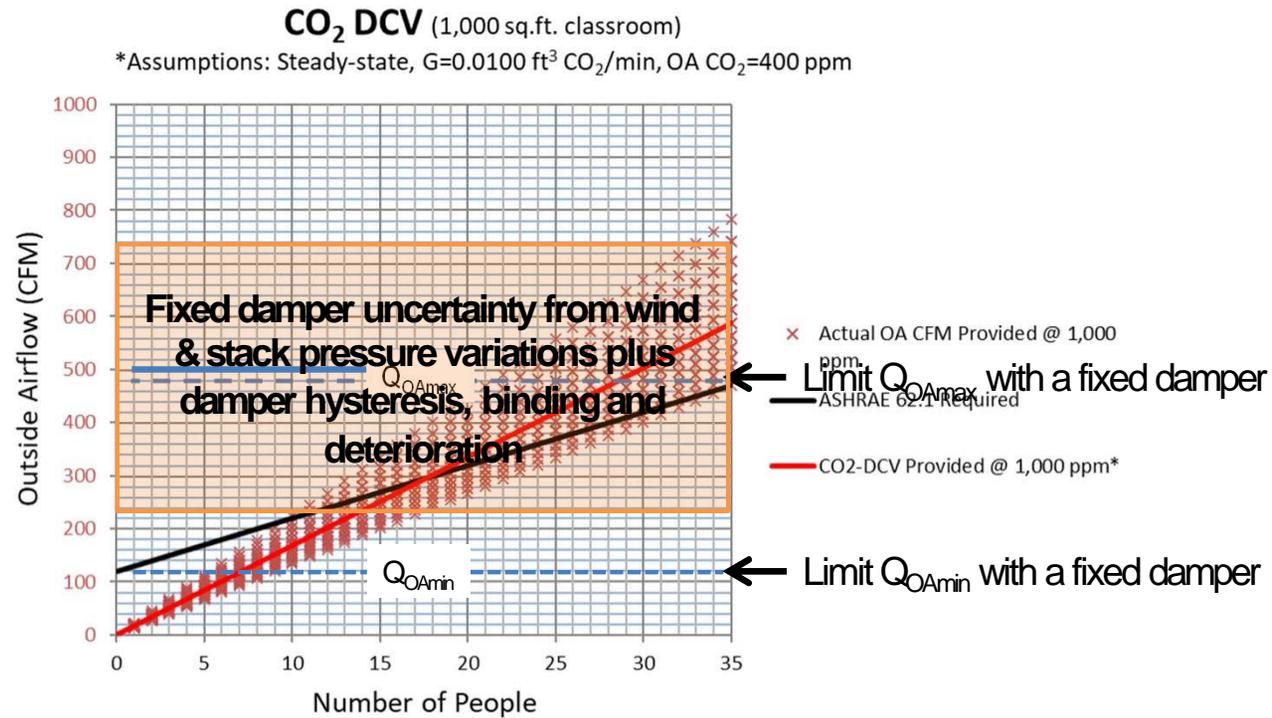
How do most systems limit OA ventilation?



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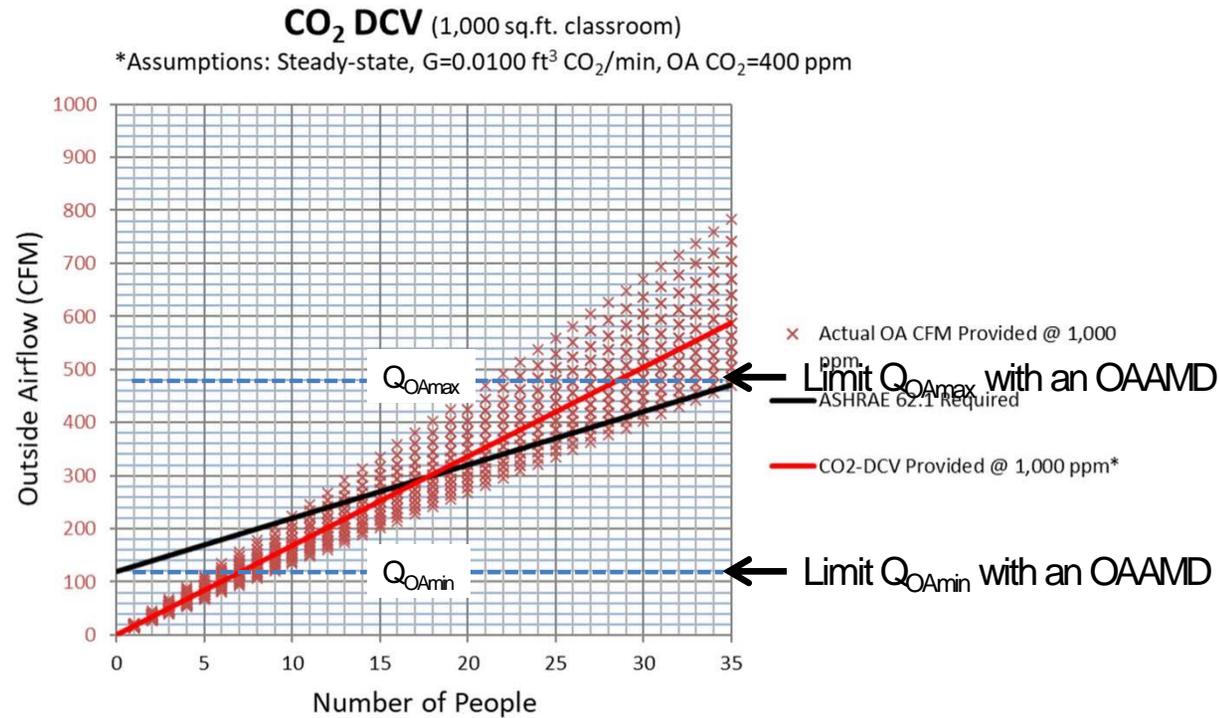
Fixed damper positions do not work!



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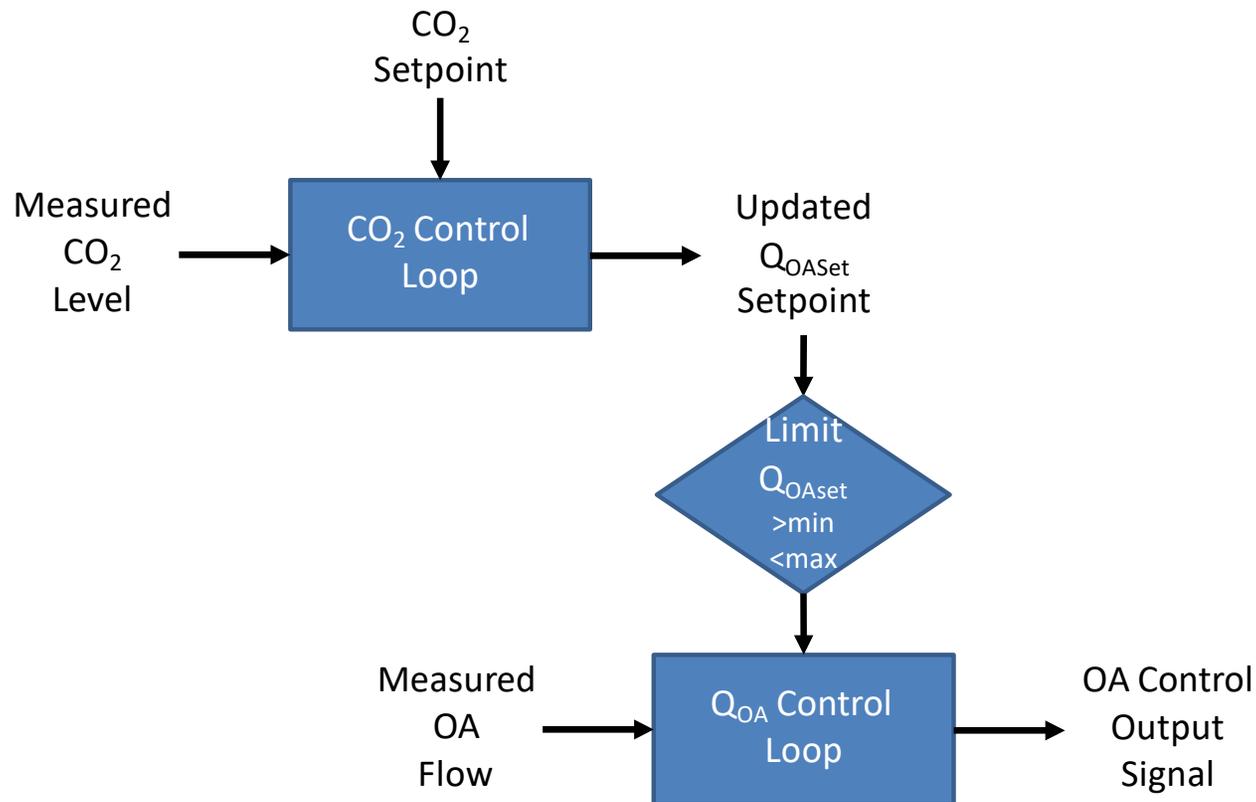
Improve CO₂-DCV with Airflow Measurement!



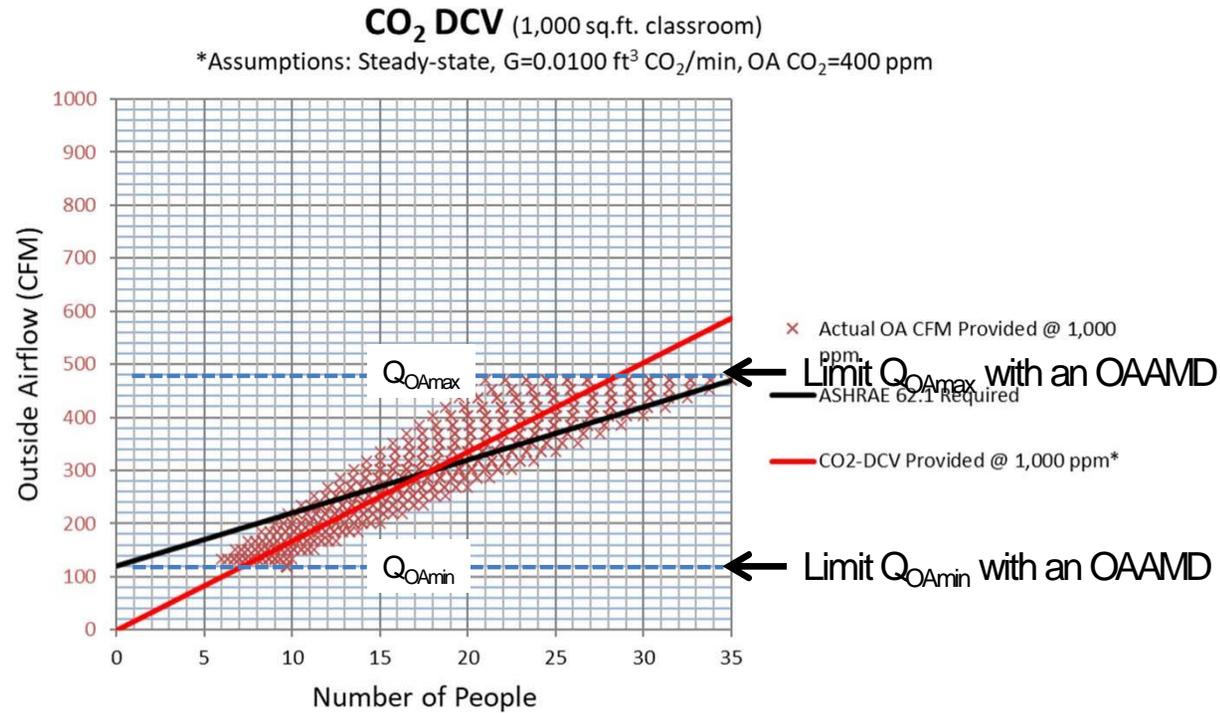
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Fixed Setpoint CO₂-DCV w/Airflow Limits



Fixed Setpoint CO₂-DCV w/Airflow Limits



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IgCC 2018 powered by ASHRAE 189.1-2017

Section 8 – Indoor Environmental Quality

801.3.1.2.2 (8.3.1.2.2) Monitoring Requirements. Each mechanical ventilation system shall have a permanently installed device to measure the minimum outdoor airflow that meets the following requirements:

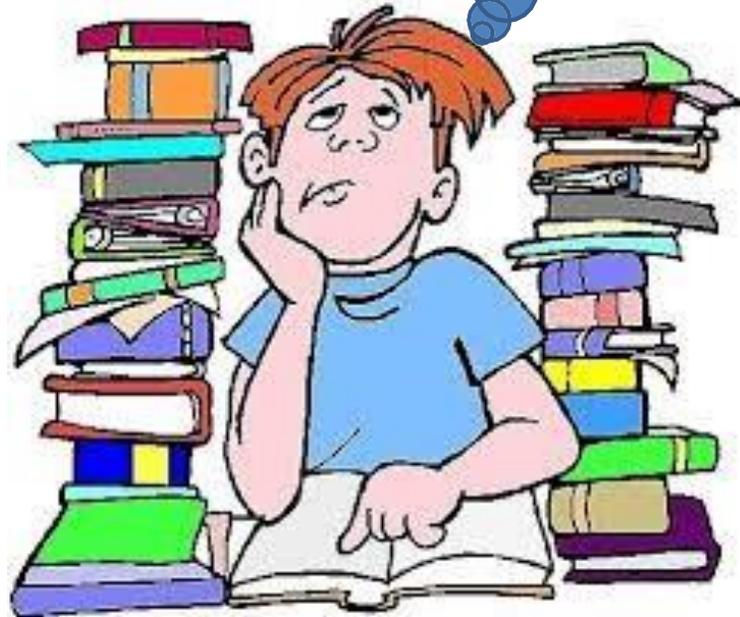
Exception to 801.3.1.2.2 (8.3.1.2.2): Constant-volume air supply systems that do not employ demand control ventilation and that use an indicator to confirm that the intake damper is open to the position determined during system startup and balancing, needed to maintain the design minimum outdoor airflow.



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Is there even
a better way
to use CO₂?

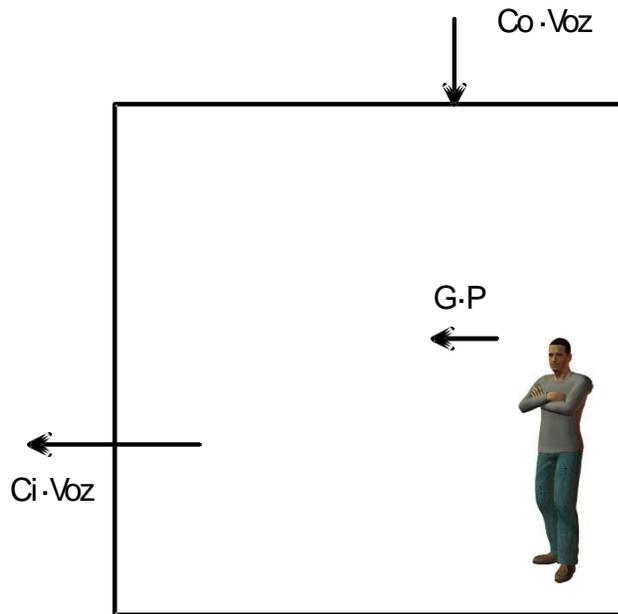


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CO₂ and Ventilation



Co = Outdoor CO₂ concentration (ft³ CO₂/ft³ air)
 Ci = Indoor CO₂ concentration (ft³ CO₂/ft³ air)
 $V_{oz} = Q_{OA}$ = Outside Airflow Rate (ft³/min)
 V_o = Outside Airflow Rate/Person ((ft³/min)/person)
 G = CO₂ generation rate of the occupant (ft³ CO₂/min)
 P = Number of occupants

Steady-state Mass Balance: In = Out

$$Co \cdot V_{oz} + G \cdot P = Ci \cdot V_{oz}$$

Can be rearranged as:

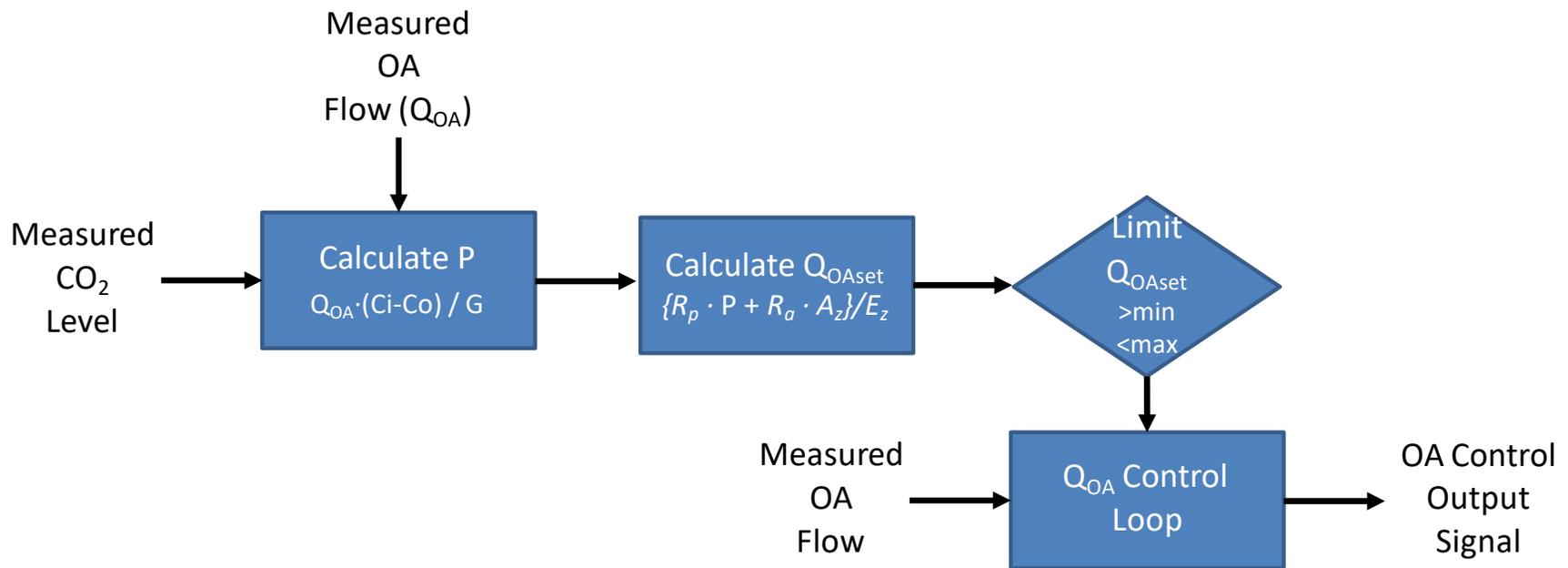
$$V_{oz} \cdot (Ci - Co) / G = P = \text{People!}$$

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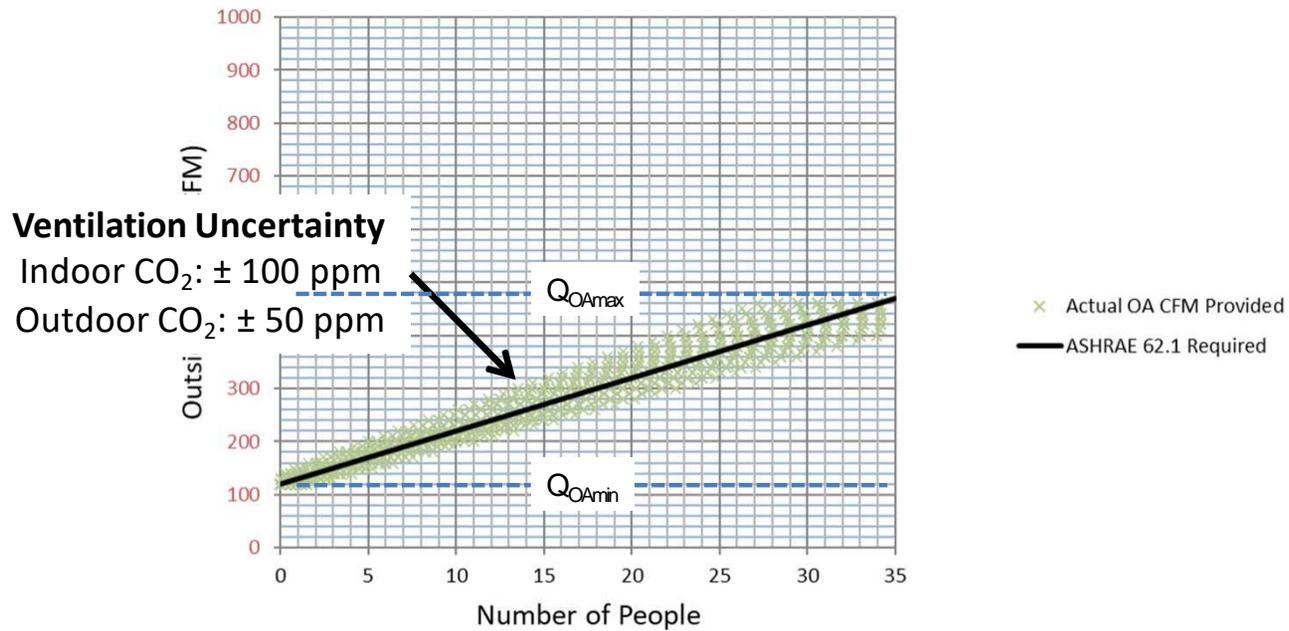
62.1 CO₂/OAF Ventilation Control



62.1 CO₂/OAF Ventilation Control

CO₂ / Airflow DCV (1,000 sq.ft. classroom)

*Assumptions: Steady-state, G=0.0100 ft³ CO₂/min, OA CO₂=400 ppm



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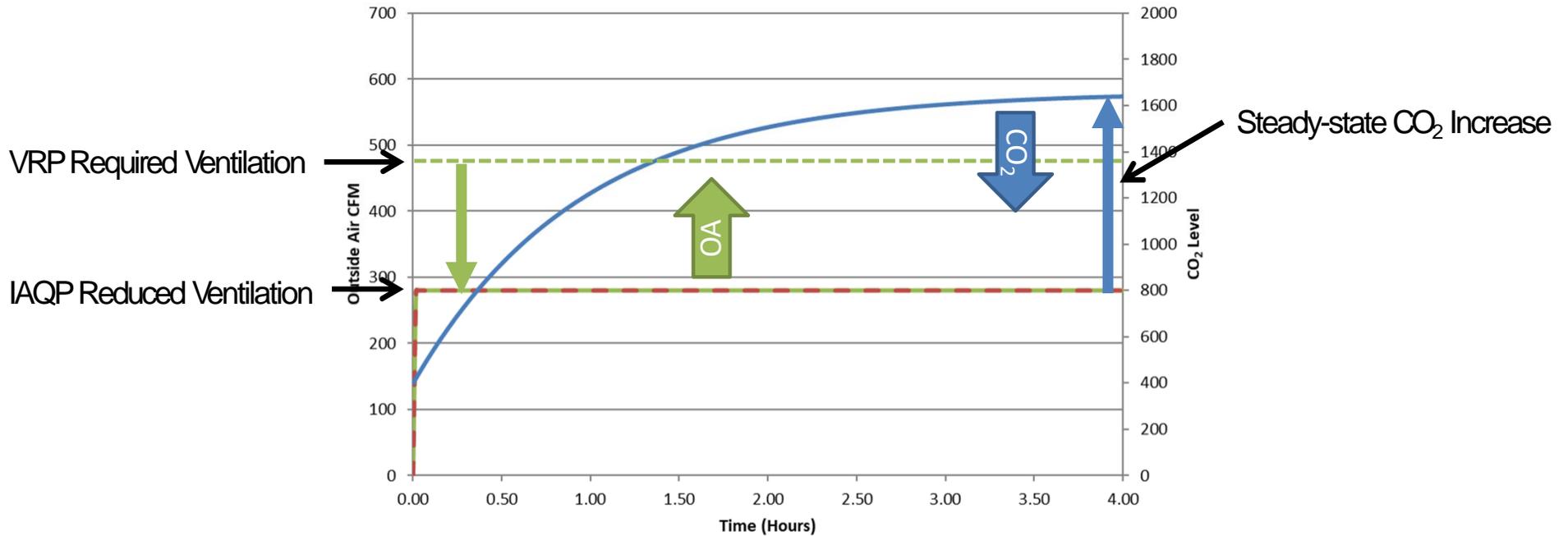


CO₂ and Ventilation

Contaminant Removal System without CO₂ removal capability

IAQP Design Outdoor Air Provided (1,000 sq.ft. classroom)

Az=1,000 sq ft, Design Occupancy=35, Actual Occupancy = 35



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Section 6.2 - Ventilation Rate Procedure (VRP)

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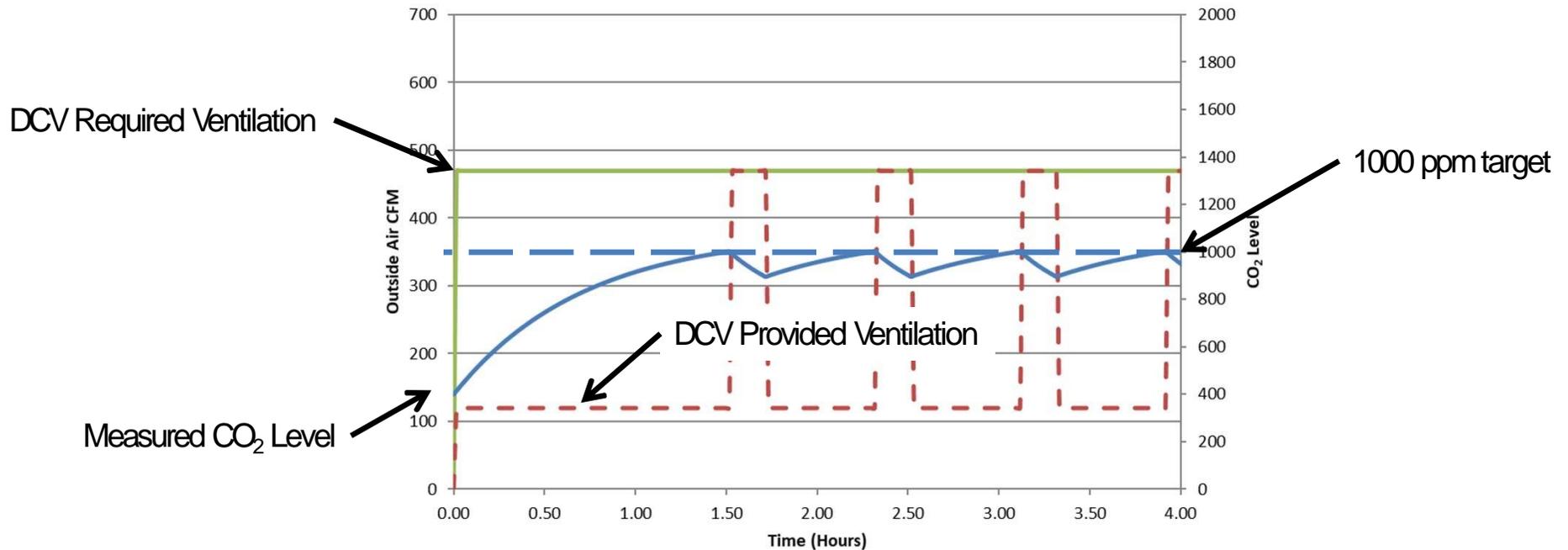


CO₂ and Ventilation

Contaminant Removal System with CO₂ removal capability

2-POS CO₂-DCV (1,000 sq.ft. classroom)

Az=1,000 sq ft, Design Occupancy=35, Actual Occupancy = 35



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Thank You!

Questions? More information?

Contact Technical Air Systems, Inc.

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NJ:973-285-0333

The logo for EBTRON, featuring the word "EBTRON" in a bold, red, italicized sans-serif font with a registered trademark symbol.

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